Crockenhill Primary School



Learning together. Working together. Achieving together.

Prevent Policy

Approved by: Governing Body: September 2025

Last reviewed on: September 2025

Next review due by: July 2026

Introduction

Everyone who comes into contact with children and their families has a role to play in safeguarding children. Schools have a duty of care to their pupils and staff which includes safeguarding them from the risk of being drawn into terrorism - this includes not just violent extremism but also non-violent extremism, which can create an atmosphere conducive to terrorism and can popularise views which terrorists exploit. Schools should be safe spaces in which children and young people can understand and discuss sensitive topics, including terrorism and the extremist ideas that are part of the terrorist ideology and learn how to challenge these ideas.

School staff are particularly important as they are in a position to identify concerns early and provide help for children, to prevent concerns from escalating. Schools and colleges and their staff form part of the wider safeguarding system for children. This system is described in statutory guidance Working Together to Safeguard Children (2018) and Keeping Children Safe in Education (2025). Schools and colleges should work with social care, the police, health services and other services to promote the welfare of children and protect them from harm. Radicalisation is listed as a specific safeguarding issue within this statutory guidance and is addressed within the Government Prevent Strategy. The Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 places a duty on Schools to 'have "due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism".

The Prevent Strategy has three main objectives are

- Respond to the ideological challenge of terrorism and the threat we face from those who promote it;
- Prevent people from being drawn into terrorism and ensure that they are given appropriate advice and support
- Work with sectors and institutions where there are risks of radicalisation which we need to address

Crockenhill Primary School recognise that it has a duty under Section 26 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act, 2015, in the exercise of its functions, to have due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism.

| Duty | What this means | Action |
|--|--------------------------------|---|
| The values and ethos of | The school values clearly set | - strong focus on our values and our attributes |
| the school promote | out our commitment to | - values include a commitment to tolerance, |
| resilience against | British Values | diversity and mutual respect |
| extremist ideologies and | | |
| promote British values | | |
| To ensure school have a | The school has identified a | - All staff know who the Prevent lead is and that |
| Prevent leader and staff | Prevent lead (Karen Dodd | this person acts as a source of advice and support |
| are aware | DSL) | |
| Governors carry out | Governors have a good | - All Governors have read our child protection |
| their role to monitor the school's Prevent | understanding of their duty | policy and Keeping Children Safe in Education (part 1) 2025 |
| strategy effectively | | - We have a dedicated safeguarding link Governor |
| strategy effectively | | that oversees our compliance with the Prevent |
| | | duty |
| | | - KCC provides additional training for Governors on |
| | | roles and expectations |
| Staff assess the risk of | Staff can demonstrate a | - All staff attended Safeguarding Training in |
| children being drawn | general understanding of the | September 2025 |
| into terrorism | risks affecting children and | - All staff have read "Keeping Children Safe in |
| into terrorism | young people | Education (part 1) 2025 |
| | young people | - The prevent lead has informed staff of their duties |
| | | as set out in "The Prevent Duty Guidance" (DfE |
| | | December 2023) |
| | | - All staff have completed the online Prevent |
| | | Training (Home Office) |
| | Staff can identify individual | - The prevent lead has informed staff about signs |
| | children who may be at risk of | and indicators of radicalisation |
| | radicalisation and how to | and indicators of faulcansacion |
| | support them | |
| | There is a clear procedure in | - All staff have read the Safeguarding Policy which |
| | place for protecting children | includes a statement regarding the school's |
| | at risk of radicalisation | "Prevent" |
| Speakers and Events | at 113K of Fadicalisation | Trevent |
| Prohibit extremist | The school exercises "due | - Request an outline of what the speaker intends to |
| speakers and events at | diligence" in relation to | cover/meet prior to the event |
| the school | requests from external | - Research the person/organization to establish |
| the school | speakers an organisations | whether they have demonstrated extreme |
| | using school premises | views/actions |
| | | - Visitors are never left alone with children. Deny |
| | | permission for people/organisations to use school |
| | | premises if they have links to extreme groups |

| Working in Partnership | | |
|---|--|---|
| Duty | What this means | Action |
| The school is using existing local partnership | Staff record and report concerns in line with existing policies and procedures | - All staff record and report concerns to the Prevent lead or DSLs - School leaders stay up to date with local |
| arrangements in exercising its prevent | ponores and processing | developments and risks - The school is in regular communication with the |
| duty | | local police (PCSO) - A members of the safeguarding core team attend the Kent Safeguarding Children Multiagency Partnership (KSCMAP) update meetings |
| Staff are confident and capable of working with external agencies and sharing concerns about extremism externally | The Prevent lead makes appropriate referrals to other agencies including KSCMAP | - Records of referrals are kept on CPOMS - Referrals are followed up appropriately and challenged if necessary - DSL knows the process to contact other agencies and expedite concerns about extremism - All concerns regarding extremism are reported to Kent County Council (KCC) - Records of referrals are kept, and referrals are followed up appropriately |
| Equip staff to identify children at risk of being drawn into terrorism and to challenge extremist ideas | Assess the training needs of staff in the light of the school's assessment of the risk to pupils at the school of being drawn into terrorism | - The designated safeguarding leads and Prevent lead undertakes Prevent awareness training Ensure that the designated safeguarding lead is able to provide advice and support to other members of staff on protecting children from the risk of radicalisation - Relevant staff have completed the "General Awareness Training on Channel" (referred to in the DfE guidance cited below) |
| IT Policies | | |
| Ensure that children are safe from terrorist and extremist material when accessing the internet in school | The school has policies in place which make reference to the Prevent duty | online safety policy Acceptable use policy Anti bullying policy Pupils are encouraged to report any material they come across online which makes them worried or uncomfortable IT safety and monitoring systems i.e. the school IT network has appropriate filters to block sites deemed inappropriate or unsafe Lightspeed filtering and monitoring system in place with summary fed back to Kent County Council School email accounts are monitored by IT staff |
| | Children are taught about online safety with specific reference to the risk of radicalisation | - The curriculum reflects this duty |

| Building children's resilience to radicalisation | | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Duty | What this means | Action | |
| Ensure that pupils have a 'safe environment' in which to discuss 'controversial issues' | Pupils develop "the knowledge, skills and understanding to prepare them to play a full and active part in society" | - Through PSHE/RSE and other curriculum activities, pupils are able to explore political, religious and social issues - Pupils are taught about the diverse national, regional and ethnic identities in the UK and the need for mutual respect - Relevant staff are aware of the Government guidance: | |
| | | https://gov.uk/government/news/guidance-on-promoting-british-values-in-schools-published/ | |
| The curriculum | Clearly identified | - Opportunities to promote British values are | |
| promotes British Values | opportunities to promote | clearly identified within all curriculum areas and | |
| and a culture of equality | British Value and challenge extremist ideologies | through the full safeguarding curriculum including KAPOW | |
| | | Use of PSHE or RSE lessons for sensitive and supportive discussions on radical issues and extreme ideologies | |
| | | - Our behaviour policy clearly sets out that hateful behaviour is not tolerated | |
| | | - Staff know how to respond to witnessing | |
| | | harassment and abusive behaviour | |
| | | - Pupils are encouraged to challenge harassment or abusive behaviour among their peers | |